UnderStandingAmericaStudy

UAS 157: 2018 MIDTERM PRE-ELECTION TRACKING POLL 3 OF 3
(OCT 28-NOV 3)

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### 1 INTRODUCTION

This UAS survey, titled "UAS 157: 2018 Midterm Pre-Election tracking poll 3 of 3 (Oct 28-Nov 3)" is the third and final week of this three-week tracking poll. It focuses on voting in the midterm election and issues of relevance to that election, including Trump handling pipe bomb mailings, the caravan of migrants crossing Mexico, voting issues and how much Trump factors into voting. This survey is no longer in the field. Respondents were paid $3 to complete the survey. The survey took respondents an average of 4 minutes, and the full distribution of survey response times is in the figure below. Times per question are available upon request.

Note: A summary of all UAS midterm polls and their documentation is provided on the UAS 2018 Midterm Election Data Page (https://uasdata.usc.edu/page/UAS+2018+Midterm+Election).

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Citation: Each publication, press release or other document that cites results from this survey must include an acknowledgment of UAS as the data source and a disclaimer such as, ‘The project described in this paper relies on data from survey(s) administered by the Understanding America Study, which is maintained by the Center for Economic and Social Research (CESR) at the University of Southern California. The content of this paper is solely the responsibility of the authors and does not necessarily represent the official views of USC or UAS.’ For any questions or more information about the UAS, contact Tania Gutsche, Project and Panel Manager, Center for Economic and Social Research, University of Southern California, at tgutsche@usc.edu.
2 SURVEY RESPONSE

Sample selection for this survey was: Everyone. As such, this survey was made available to 4711 UAS respondents. Of those 4711 people, 3991 people completed the survey and are counted as respondents. Of those who are not counted as respondents, 21 started the survey without completing and 699 did not start the survey. The overall response rate was 84.72%.

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3  SAMPLE & WEIGHTING

Weights are included in the data set for this survey. For details on the UAS weighing procedures please refer to the UAS Weighting Procedures. Please contact UAS staff with any questions.
4 STANDARD VARIABLES

Each Understanding America Study data contains a series of standard variables, consisting of individual, household and sample identifiers, language indicator, time stamps and a rating by the respondent of how much he or she liked the survey:

- **uasid**: the identifier of the respondent. This identifier is assigned to a respondent at recruitment and stays with the respondent throughout each and every survey he/she participates in. When analyzing data from multiple surveys, the ‘uasid’ can be used to merge data sets.

- **uashhid**: the household identifier of the respondent. Every member is assigned a household identifier, stored in the variable ‘uashhid’. For the primary respondent this identifier equals his or her ‘uasid’. All other eligible members of the primary respondent’s household (everyone who is 18 or older in the household) who become UAS respondents receive the ‘uasid’ of the primary respondent as their household identifier. The identifier ‘uashhid’ remains constant over time for all respondents. Thus it is always possible to find the original UAS household of an UAS panel member (even after they, for example, have moved out to form another household).

- **survhhid**: uniquely identifies the household a UAS panel member belongs to in a given survey. For instance, if the primary respondent and his/her spouse are both UAS members at the time of a given survey, they both receive the same ‘survhhid’ identifier for that survey. If they subsequently split, they receive two different ‘survhhid’ in subsequent surveys. They, however, always share the same ‘uashhid’. The identifier ‘survhhid’ is set to missing (.) if no other household members are UAS panel members at the time of the survey. Since individuals can answer the same survey at different points in time (which can be relatively far apart if the survey is kept in the field for a prolonged time), it may be possible that, within the same data set, household members have different ‘survhhid’ reflecting different household compositions at the time they answered the survey. For instance, suppose that the primary respondent and his/her spouse are both UAS members. If the primary respondent answers the survey when he/she is living with the spouse, but the spouse answers the survey when the couple has split, they receive different ‘survhhid’. Hence, the variable ‘survhhid’ identifies household membership of UAS panel members, at the time the respondent answers the survey. Note: in the My Household survey ‘survhhid’ is set to unknown (.u) for respondents who last participated in the My Household survey prior to January 21, 2015.

- **uasmembers**: is the number of other household members who are also UAS panel members at the time of the survey. Since individuals can answer the same survey at different points in time (which can be relatively far apart if the survey is kept in the field for a prolonged time), it may be possible that, within the same data set, the primary respondent of a household has a value of ‘0’, whereas the second UAS household respondent has a value of ‘1’. Therefore ‘uasmembers’ should be interpreted as the
number of household and UAS panel members at the time the respondent answers
the survey. Note: in the My Household survey ‘uasmembers’ is set to unknown (.u)
for respondents who last participated in the My Household survey prior to January
21, 2015.

- **sampletype** indicates the sampling frame from which the household of the respon-
dent was recruited. All UAS recruitment is done through address based sampling
(ABS) in which samples are acquired based on postal records. Currently, the variable
‘sampletype’ takes on three values reflecting three distinct recruitment categories (in
future data sets the number of categories may increase due to the incorporation of
new recruitment categories):

1. Nationally Representative Sample
2. Native Americans: recruited through ABS, where the probability of drawing a
   zip-code is a function of the percentage of Native Americans in the zip-code.
   Primary respondents in these zip-codes who are not Native Americans are not
   invited to join the UAS.
3. LA County: recruited through ABS drawing from zip-codes in Los Angeles County.

- **batch** indicates the batch from which the respondent was recruited. There are cur-
rently the following values this variable takes (in future data sets the number of cate-
gories may increase due to the usage of new recruitment samples):

2. ASDE 2014/01 Native Am.
3. ASDE 2014/11 Native Am.
4. LA County 2015/05 List Sample
12. MSG 2016/05 Nat.Rep. Batch 8

- **primary respondent** indicates if the respondent was the first person within the
household (i.e. to become a member or whether s/he was added as a subsequent
member. A household in this regard is broadly defined as anyone living together with
the primary respondent. That is, a household comprises individuals who live together,
e.g. as part of a family relationship (like a spouse/child/parent) or in context of some
other relationship (like a roommate or tenant).
○ **hardware**: indicates whether the respondent ever received hardware or not. Note: this variable should not be used to determine whether a respondent received hardware at a given point in time and/or whether s/he used the hardware to participate in a survey. Rather, it indicates whether hardware was ever provided:

1. None
2. Tablet (includes Internet)

○ **language**: the language in which the survey was conducted. This variable takes a value of 1 for English and a value of 2 for Spanish.

○ **start_date (start_year, start_month, start_day, start_hour, start_min, start_sec)**: indicates the time at which the respondent started the survey.

○ **end_date (end_year, end_month, end_day, end_hour, end_min, end_sec)**: indicates the time at which the respondent completed the survey.

○ **cs.001**: indicates how interesting the respondent found the survey.
5 BACKGROUND DEMOGRAPHICS

Every UAS survey data set includes demographic variables, which provide background information about the respondent and his/her household. Demographic information such as age, ethnicity, education, marital status, work status, state of residence, family structure is elicited every quarter through the “My Household” survey. The demographic variables provided with each survey are taken from the most recent ‘MyHousehold’ survey answered by the respondent. If at the time of a survey, the information in “My Household” is more than three months old, a respondent is required to check and update his or her information before being able to take the survey.

The following variables are available in each survey data set:

- **gender**: the gender of the respondent.
- **dateofbirth_year**: the year of birth of the respondent.
- **age**: the age of the respondent at the start of the survey.
- **agerange**: if the respondent’s age cannot be calculate due to missing information, ‘agerange’ indicates the approximate age. Should a value for both the ‘age’ and ‘agerange’ be present, then ‘age’ takes precedence over ‘agerange’.
- **citizensus**: indicates whether the respondent is a U.S. citizen.
- **bornus**: indicates whether the respondent was born in the U.S.
- **stateborn**: indicates the state in which the respondent was born. This is set to missing (.) if the respondent was not born in the U.S.
- **countryborn**: indicates the country in which the respondent was born. This is set to missing (.) if the respondent was born in the U.S.
- **countryborn_other**: indicates the country of birth if that country is not on the drop down list of countries shown to the respondent’.
- **statereside**: the state in which the respondent is living.
- **immigration_status**: indicates whether the respondent is an immigrant. It takes one of the following values: 0 Non-immigrant, 1 First generation immigrant (immigrant who migrated to the U.S), 2 Second generation immigrant (U.S.-born children of at least one foreign-born parent), 3 Third generation immigrant (U.S.-born children of at least one U.S.-born parent, where at least one grandparent is foreign-born), or 4 Unknown immigrant status.
- **maritalstatus**: the marital status of the respondent.
- **livewithpartner**: indicates whether the respondent lives with a partner.
- **education**: the highest level of education attained by the respondent.
- **hisplatinor**: indicates whether the respondent identifies him or herself as being Hispanic or Latino.
- **hisplatinogroup**: indicates which Hispanic or Latino group a respondent identifies him or herself with. This is set to missing (.) if the respondent does not identify him or herself as being Hispanic or Latino.
- **white**: indicates whether the respondent identifies him or herself as white (Caucasian).
- **black**: indicates whether the respondent identifies him or herself as black (African-American).
- **nativeamer**: indicates whether the respondent identifies him or herself as Native American (American Indian or Alaska Native).
- **asian**: indicates whether the respondent identifies him or herself as Asian (Asian-American).
- **pacific**: indicates whether the respondent identifies him or herself as Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander.
- **race**: indicates the race of the respondent as singular (e.g., ‘1 White’ or ‘2 Black’) or as mixed (in case the respondent identifies with two or more races). The value ‘6 Mixed’ indicates that the respondent answered ‘Yes’ to at least two of the single race categories. This variable is generated based on the values of the different race variables (white, black, nativeamer, asian, pacific).
- **working**: indicates whether the respondent is working for pay.
- **sick leave**: indicates whether the respondent is not working because sick or on leave.
- **unemplayoff**: indicates whether the respondent is unemployed or on lay off.
- **unempllook**: indicates whether the respondent is unemployed and looking for a job.
- **retired**: indicates whether the respondent is retired.
- **disabled**: indicates whether the respondent has a disability.
- **lf_other**: specifies other labor force status.
- **laborstatus**: indicates the labor force status of the respondent as singular (e.g., ‘1 Working for pay’ or ‘2 On sick or other leave’) or as mixed (in case the respondent selects two or more labor statuses). The value ‘8 Mixed’ indicates that the respondent answered ‘Yes’ to at least two of the single labor force status variables. This variable is generated based on the values of the different labor status variables (working, sick_leave, unemplayoff, unempllook, retired, disabled, lf_other).
- **employmenttype**: indicates the employment type of the respondent (employed by the government, by a private company, a nonprofit organization, or self-employed). This is set to missing (.) if the respondent is not currently working or currently on sick or other leave.

- **workfullpart**: indicates whether the respondent works full or part-time. This is set to missing (.) if the respondent is not currently working or currently on sick or other leave.

- **hourswork**: indicates the number of hours the respondent works per week. This is set to missing (.) if the respondent is not currently working or currently on sick or other leave.

- **hhincome**: is the total combined income of all members of the respondent’s household (living in their household) during the past 12 months.

- **anyhhmember**: indicates whether there were any members in the respondent’s household at the time he/she answered the survey as reported by the respondent.

- **hhmembernumber**: indicates the number of household members in the respondent’s household at the time of the survey as reported by the respondent. It may be that ‘anyhhmember’ is ‘Yes’, but ‘hhmembernumber’ is missing if the respondent did not provide the number of household members at the time of the survey.

- **hhmemberin_#**: indicates whether a household member is currently in the household as reported by the respondent. Household members are never removed from the stored household roster and their information is always included in survey data sets. The order of the roster is the same order in which household members were specified by the respondent in the ‘MyHousehold’ survey. The order is identified by the suffix _# (e.g., _1 indicates the first household member, _2 the second household member, etc.).

As an example, if the first household member is in the household at the time of the survey, ‘hhmemberin_1’ is set to ‘1 HH Member 1 is in the HH’; if he/she has moved out, ‘hhmemberin_1’ is set to ‘0 HH member 1 is no longer in the HH’. Since information of other household members (stored in the variables listed below) is always included in survey data sets, information about ‘hhmemberin_1’ is available whether this person is still in the household or has moved out.

- **hhmembergen_#**: indicates the gender of another household member as reported by the respondent.

- **hhmemberage_#**: indicates the age of another household member. The age is derived from the month and year of birth of the household member as reported by the respondent.

- **hhmemberrel_#**: indicates the relationship of the respondent to the other household member as reported by the respondent.
- `hhmemberuasid[#]` is the ‘uasid’ of the other household member if this person is also a UAS panel member. It is set to missing (.) if this person is not a UAS panel member at the time of the survey. Since this identifier is directly reported by the respondent (chosen from a preloaded list), it may differ from the actual (correct) ‘uasid’ of the UAS member it refers to because of reporting error. Also, this variable should not be used to identify UAS members in a given household at the time of the survey. This is because the variables ‘hhmemberuasid[#]’ are taken from the most recent ‘My Household’ and changes in household composition involving UAS members may have occurred between the time of the respondent answered ‘My Household’ and the time the respondent answers the survey. To follow UAS members of a given household, it is advised to use the identifiers ‘uashhid’ and ‘survhhid’.

- `lastmyhh_date` is the date on which the demographics variables were collected through the ‘My Household’ survey.
Data files provide so-called clean data, that is, answers given to questions that are not applicable anymore at survey completion (for example because a respondent went back in the survey and skipped over a previously answered question) are treated as if the questions were never asked. In the data files all questions that were asked, but not answered by the respondent are marked with (.e). All questions never seen by the respondent (or any dirty data) are marked with (.a). The latter may mean that a respondent did not view the question because s/he skipped over it; or alternatively that s/he never reached that question in the survey due to a survey break off.

If a respondent did not complete a survey, the variables representing survey end date and time are marked with (.c). Household member variables are marked with (.m) if the respondent has less household members (e.g. if the number of household members is 2, any variables for household member 3 and up are marked with (.m).

Formatting wise, in the STATA data sets all questions come with short descriptions (not available in the CSV files). ‘Please select one’ questions come with value labels for each answer option. In STATA these labels will include the labels ‘Not asked’ and ‘Not answered’ for (.a) and (.e), and will show in tabulations such as ‘tab q1, missing’. For ‘select all that apply’ questions a binary variable is created for each answer option indicating whether the option was selected or not. A summary variable is also provided in the format ‘1-3-2’ reflecting which options were selected and in which order. For example, if a question asked about favorite animals with options cat, dog, and horse, then if a respondent selected horse and then cat, the binary variables for horse and cat will be set to yes, while the overall variable would have a string value of ‘3-1’. If no answer was given, all binary variables and the summary variable will be marked with ‘.e’.

Questions that are asked multiple times are often implemented as so-called array questions. Supposing the name of such question was Q1 and it was asked in 6 different instances, your data set would contain the variables Q1_1 to Q1_6. To illustrate, if a survey asked the names of all children, then child_1 would contain the name of the first child the respondent names and so on.

More information about the UAS data can be found in the UAS Data Guide available on the UAS Data Pages web site.
7 ROUTING SYNTAX

The survey with routing presented in the next section includes all of the questions that make up this survey, the question answers when choices were provided, and the question routing. The routing includes descriptions of when questions are grouped, conditional logic that determines when questions are presented to the respondent, randomization of questions and answers, and fills of answers from one question to another.

If you are unfamiliar with conditional logic statements, they are typically formatted so that if the respondent fulfills some condition (e.g. they have a cellphone or a checking account), then they are presented with some other question or the value of some variable is changed. If the respondent does not fulfill the condition (e.g. they are not a cellphone adopter or they do not have a checking account), something else happens such as skipping the next question or changing the variable to some other value. Some of the logic involved in the randomization of questions or answers being presented to the respondent is quite complex, and in these instances there is documentation to clarify the process being represented by the routing.

Because logic syntax standards vary, here is a brief introduction to our syntax standards. The syntax used in the conditional statements is as follows: ‘=’ is equal to, ‘<’ is less than, ‘>’ is greater than, and ‘!=’ is used for does not equal. When a variable is set to some number N, the statement looks like ‘variable := N’.

The formatting of the questions and routing are designed to make it easier to interpret what is occurring at any given point in the survey. Question ID is the bold text at the top of a question block, followed by the question text and the answer selections. When a question or variable has associated data, the name links to the appropriate data page, so you can easily get directly to the data. Text color is used to indicate the routing: red is conditional logic, gold is question grouping, green is looping, and orange is used to document randomization and other complex conditional logic processes. The routing is written for a computer to parse rather than a human to read, so when the routing diverges significantly from what is displayed to the respondent, a screenshot of what the respondent saw is included.

The name of the randomization variables are defined in proximity to where they are put into play, and like the question ID the names of the randomization variables can be used to link directly to the associated data page.
8 SURVEY WITH ROUTING

Start of section Poll

introduction1 (Section Poll)
Thank you for agreeing to participate in the UAS pre-election tracking poll! We appreciate your weekly participation. The first questions ask about how you feel about some issues currently in the news.

/* The answer options in wk3_007 are presented in random order per wk3_007_randomizer variable:
   ○ 1: Disapprove strongly to approve strongly
   ○ 2: Strongly approve to disapprove strongly
*/

IF wk3_007_randomizer = EMPTY THEN
   wk3_007_randomizer := mt_rand(1,2)
END OF IF

IF wk3_007_randomizer = 1 THEN
   wk3_007_order(1) := 1
   wk3_007_order(2) := 2
   wk3_007_order(3) := 3
   wk3_007_order(4) := 4
   wk3_007_order(5) := 5
ELSE
   wk3_007_order(1) := 4
   wk3_007_order(2) := 3
   wk3_007_order(3) := 2
   wk3_007_order(4) := 1
   wk3_007_order(5) := 5
END OF IF

Fill code of question FL.wk3_007 executed

wk3_007 (approve or disapprove trump bomb mailings in section Additional)
Do you (disapprove) or (approve) of the job Donald Trump has done in handling the situation where bombs were mailed to prominent Democrats?
1 Disapprove strongly
2 Disapprove somewhat
/* The first two answer options in wk3_002 are presented in random order per wk3_002_randomizer variable:
   - 1: Unknown foreign nationals and potential terrorists, then asylum seekers in need of humanitarian assistance
   - 2: Asylum seekers in need of humanitarian assistance, then unknown foreign nationals and potential terrorists
*/

IF wk3_002_randomizer = EMPTY THEN
    wk3_002_randomizer := mt_rand(1,2)
END OF IF

IF wk3_002_randomizer = 1 THEN
    wk3_002_order(1) := 1
    wk3_002_order(2) := 2
    wk3_002_order(3) := 3
    wk3_002_order(4) := 4
ELSE
    wk3_002_order(1) := 2
    wk3_002_order(2) := 1
    wk3_002_order(3) := 3
    wk3_002_order(4) := 4
END OF IF

wk3_001 (how much heard about caravan in section Additional)
How much, if anything, have you heard or read about a caravan of thousands of migrants who are traveling north from Central America through Mexico?
1 Nothing
2 A little
3 Some
4 A lot

wk3_002 (view of caravan in section Additional)
As you may know, a caravan of several thousand people from Central American countries have walked into Mexico and are continuing on a northward path. Which of the following comes closest to your view? If the caravan of migrants approaches the U.S. / Mexico border, they represent...
1 Unknown foreign nationals and potential terrorists who should be turned away as a threat
to the United States
2 Asylum seekers in need of humanitarian assistance from the United States
3 A mix of asylum seekers in need of humanitarian assistance and potential terrorists who
should be turned away
4 Have not heard enough about it to say

uas156.poll.q1 := getUAS156Preload("poll.q1")
uas156.poll.q1a := getUAS156Preload("poll.q1a")

IF uas156.poll.q1 = EMPTY OR uas156.poll.q1 != 1 THEN
  poll.q1 (Voted early in the midterm election in section Poll)
  Which of the following describes whether or not you have already voted in the midterm
election?
  1 I have already voted (i.e. by mailing a vote-by-mail or absentee ballot, or by voting in
     person at an early voting location, or some other way)
  2 I have not voted
END OF IF

IF uas156.poll.q1 = 1 OR poll.q1 = 1 THEN
  IF uas156.poll.q1a = EMPTY THEN
    poll.q1a (Who voted early in the midterm election in section Poll)
    In the election for the U.S. House of Representatives, did you vote for a Democrat, a
    Republican, or a candidate from some other party?
    1 Democrat
    2 Republican
    3 Other party candidate
    4 I voted in other elections but not in the election for U.S. House of Representatives
  END OF IF
ELSE
  poll.q4 (Likelihood of Voting in Congressional Election in section Poll)
  What is the percent chance that you will vote in the 2018 election for the U.S. House of
  Representatives?
  RANGE 0..100

  /* The questions poll.q5 and poll.q6 are asked in random order per poll.q5.q6.randomizer
     variable:
     oo 1: poll.q5, then poll.q6
     oo 2: poll.q6, then poll.q5
  */

  IF poll.q5.q6.order = EMPTY THEN
poll_q5_q6_order := mt_rand(1,2)

END OF IF

/* The answer options in poll_q5 are presented in random order per poll_q5_randomizer variable:
   - 1: Democratic, then Republican
   - 2: Republican, then Democratic
*/

IF poll_q5_randomizer = EMPTY THEN
    poll_q5_randomizer := mt_rand(1,2)
END OF IF

poll_q6_randomizer := poll_q5_randomizer
poll_q6a_randomizer := poll_q5_randomizer
Fill code of question FL_Q5 executed

IF poll_q6_randomizer = 1 THEN
    poll_q6_options(1) := 1
    poll_q6_options(2) := 2
    poll_q6_options(3) := 3
    poll_q6_options(4) := 4
    poll_q6_options(5) := 5
ELSE
    poll_q6_options(1) := 2
    poll_q6_options(2) := 1
    poll_q6_options(3) := 3
    poll_q6_options(4) := 4
    poll_q6_options(5) := 5
END OF IF

IF poll_q5_q6_order = 1 THEN
    GROUP OF QUESTIONS PRESENTED ON THE SAME SCREEN
    poll_q5a (Section Poll)
    If you do vote in the election for the U.S. House of Representatives, what is the percent chance that you will vote for the Democratic candidate? For the Republican candidate? For another party’s candidate?

END OF IF
poll.q5.democrat (Percent chance of voting for Democrat in section Poll)
For the Democratic candidate?
NUMBER (NO DECIMALS ALLOWED)

poll.q5.republican (Percent chance of voting for GOP in section Poll)
For the Republican candidate?
NUMBER (NO DECIMALS ALLOWED)

poll.q5.other (Percent chance of voting for other in section Poll)
For another party’s candidate
NUMBER (NO DECIMALS ALLOWED)

ELSE

poll.q5.republican (Percent chance of voting for GOP in section Poll)
For the Republican candidate?
NUMBER (NO DECIMALS ALLOWED)

poll.q5.democrat (Percent chance of voting for Democrat in section Poll)
For the Democratic candidate?
NUMBER (NO DECIMALS ALLOWED)

poll.q5.other (Percent chance of voting for other in section Poll)
For another party’s candidate
NUMBER (NO DECIMALS ALLOWED)

END OF IF

poll.q5.error (Section Poll)
Please make sure the total equals 100% and no entry exceeds 100%.

END OF GROUP

poll.q6 (Generic Congressional in section Poll)
If the 2018 election for the U.S. House of Representatives were being held today, which party’s candidate would you vote for in your district?
1 Democratic candidate
2 Republican candidate
3 Another party’s candidate
4 Not sure
5 Wouldn’t vote

IF poll.Q6 = 4 THEN
IF poll.q6a.randomizer = 1 THEN
As of now, do you lean more toward voting for the (q6a answer options order(1)) or the (q6a answer options order(2)) or another party’s candidate in your district?
1 Democratic candidate
2 Republican candidate
3 Another party’s candidate

END OF IF ELSE

poll_q6 (Generic Congressional in section Poll)
If the 2018 election for the U.S. House of Representatives were being held today, which party’s candidate would you vote for in your district?
1 Democratic candidate
2 Republican candidate
3 Another party’s candidate
4 Not sure
5 Wouldn’t vote

IF poll_Q6 = 4 THEN
IF poll_q6a_randomizer = 1 THEN
poll_q6a_options(1) := 1
poll_q6a_options(2) := 2
poll_q6a_options(3) := 3
ELSE
poll_q6a_options(1) := 2
poll_q6a_options(2) := 1
poll_q6a_options(3) := 3
END OF IF

END OF IF

poll_q6a (district lean toward in section Poll)
As of now, do you lean more toward voting for the (q6a answer options order(1)) or the (q6a answer options order(2)) or another party’s candidate in your district?
1 Democratic candidate
2 Republican candidate
Another party’s candidate

END OF IF

GROUP OF QUESTIONS PRESENTED ON THE SAME SCREEN

poll_q5a (Section Poll)
If you do vote in the election for the U.S. House of Representatives, what is the percent chance that you will vote for the (Democratic) candidate? For the (Republican) candidate? For another party’s candidate?

IF poll_q5_randomizer = 1 THEN

poll_q5_democrat (Percent chance of voting for Democrat in section Poll)
For the Democratic candidate?
NUMBER (NO DECIMALS ALLOWED)

poll_q5_republican (Percent chance of voting for GOP in section Poll)
For the Republican candidate?
NUMBER (NO DECIMALS ALLOWED)

poll_q5_other (Percent chance of voting for other in section Poll)
For another party’s candidate
NUMBER (NO DECIMALS ALLOWED)

ELSE

poll_q5_republican (Percent chance of voting for GOP in section Poll)
For the Republican candidate?
NUMBER (NO DECIMALS ALLOWED)

poll_q5_democrat (Percent chance of voting for Democrat in section Poll)
For the Democratic candidate?
NUMBER (NO DECIMALS ALLOWED)

poll_q5_other (Percent chance of voting for other in section Poll)
For another party’s candidate
NUMBER (NO DECIMALS ALLOWED)

END OF IF

poll_q5_error (Section Poll)
Please make sure the total equals 100% and no entry exceeds 100%.

END OF GROUP
poll_q7 (interest November election in section Poll)
Have you been following the news about the November election? If so, how closely?
1 Have not been following
2 Following, not very closely
3 Following somewhat closely
4 Following very closely
5 Following extremely closely

/* The answer options in poll_q8 are presented in random order per poll_q8_randomizer variable:
   - 1: Support, then opposition
   - 2: Opposition, then support
*/

IF poll_q8_randomizer = EMPTY THEN
  poll_q8_randomizer := mt_rand(1,2)
END OF IF

IF poll_q8_randomizer = 1 THEN
  poll_q8_order(1) := 1
  poll_q8_order(2) := 2
  poll_q8_order(3) := 3
ELSE
  poll_q8_order(1) := 2
  poll_q8_order(2) := 1
  poll_q8_order(3) := 3
END OF IF

poll_q8 (vote expression in section Poll)
Thinking about your vote for Congress in November, which of the following comes closest to representing your view?
1 My vote was, or will be, an expression of support for President Trump
2 My vote was, or will be, an expression of opposition to President Trump
3 My vote was not, or will not be, an expression of either support or opposition to President Trump

End of section Poll
Start of section Additional
/* The answer options in wk3_003 are presented in random order per wk3_003_randomizer variable:
   ◦ 1: Congress controlled by Democrats, then by Republicans
   ◦ 2: Congress controlled by Republicans, then by Democrats
*/

IF wk3_003_randomizer = EMPTY THEN
   wk3_003_randomizer := mt_rand(1,2)
END OF IF

IF wk3_003_randomizer = 1 THEN
   wk3_003_order(1) := 1
   wk3_003_order(2) := 2
ELSE
   wk3_003_order(1) := 2
   wk3_003_order(2) := 1
END OF IF

wk3_003(preference for outcome election in section Additional)

What is your preference for the outcome of this November's congressional elections?
1 Congress controlled by Democrats
2 Congress controlled by Republicans

/* The answer options in wk3_004 are presented in random order per wk3_004_randomizer variable:
   ◦ 1: Your views on candidates, then on Trump
   ◦ 2: Your views on Trump, then on candidates
*/

IF wk3_004_randomizer = EMPTY THEN
   wk3_004_randomizer := mt_rand(1,2)
END OF IF

IF wk3_004_randomizer = 1 THEN
   wk3_004_order(1) := 1
   wk3_004_order(2) := 2
ELSE
   wk3_004_order(1) := 2
   wk3_004_order(2) := 1
Which is a more important factor in your vote in this November’s congressional elections?

1. Your views on the candidates running for office in your state
2. Your views on Donald Trump

/* The answer options in wk3.005 are presented in random order per wk3.005_order variables taking one of the following values:
   - 1 Healthcare
   - 2 The economy and jobs
   - 3 Gun regulations
   - 4 Taxes, spending
   - 5 Handling illegal immigration in general
   - 6 Building a wall on the U.S.-Mexico border
   - 7 Abortion
   - 8 Trade and tariffs
   - 9 Terrorism
   - 10 Russian interference in US elections
   - 11 Environmental issues
   - 12 Local/State issues
   - 13 Party loyalty / support for your party’s candidate
   - 14 Opposition to the other party’s candidate
   - 15 Another factor is most likely to be important
   - 16 Don’t know
*/

IF sizeof(wk3.005_order) = 0 THEN
    wk3.005_order := shuffleArray(array(1 → 1, 2 → 2, 3 → 3, 4 → 4, 5 → 5, 6 → 6, 7 → 7, 8 → 8, 9 → 9, 10 → 10, 11 → 11, 12 → 12, 13 → 13, 14 → 14))
    wk3.005_order(15) := 15
    wk3.005_order(16) := 16
GROUP OF QUESTIONS PRESENTED ON THE SAME SCREEN

Which one of the following issues is the most important factor in deciding your vote for Congress in November? Please read the entire list before choosing the most important factor.
1 Healthcare
2 The economy and jobs
3 Gun regulations
4 Taxes, spending
5 Handling illegal immigration in general
6 Building a wall on the U.S.-Mexico border
7 Abortion
8 Trade and tariffs
9 Terrorism
10 Russian interference in US elections
11 Environmental issues
12 Local/State issues
13 Party loyalty / support for your party's candidate
14 Opposition to the other party's candidate
15 Another factor is most likely to be important (please specify):
16 Don't know

(other most important vote issue in section Additional)

END OF GROUP

/* The first two answer options in wk3.006 are presented in random order per wk3.006_randomizer variable:
   1: Democrats, then Republicans
   2: Republicans, then Democrats
*/

IF wk3.006_randomizer = EMPTY THEN
    wk3.006_randomizer := mt_rand(1,2)
END OF IF

IF wk3.006_randomizer = 1 THEN
    wk3.006_order(1) := 1
    wk3.006_order(2) := 2

As you may know, a health reform bill was signed into law in 2010, known commonly as the Affordable Care Act or Obamacare. The law provided protections for people with pre-existing health conditions. Republicans and Democrats have put forward competing proposals to reform the 2010 law. Each party has claimed that their proposal will protect people with pre-existing conditions. In general, which party do you trust more to do a better job of protecting coverage of pre-existing conditions?

1. Democrats
2. Republicans
3. Other party, please specify:
4. Don’t know
ELSE
  wk3_008_order(1) := 2
  wk3_008_order(2) := 1
END OF IF

Fill code of question FL_wk3_008 executed

wk3_008 (Enemies of the people: harmless or threatening in section Additional)
When President Trump calls certain parts of the news media “enemies of the people” do you consider those statements to be (harmless comments that don’t threaten anyone), or (dangerous language that could incite violence)?
1 Harmless comments that don’t threaten anyone
2 Dangerous language that could incite violence

End of section [Additional]

Start of section [Background]

uas149_poll_q2 := getUAS149Preload("poll_q2")
uas149_poll_q2a := getUAS149Preload("poll_q2a")
uas149_poll_q3 := getUAS149Preload("poll_q3")
uas155_poll_q2 := getUAS155Preload("poll_q2")
uas155_poll_q2a := getUAS155Preload("poll_q2a")
uas155_poll_q3 := getUAS155Preload("poll_q3")
uas156_poll_q2 := getUAS156Preload("poll_q2")
uas156_poll_q2a := getUAS156Preload("poll_q2a")
uas156_poll_q3 := getUAS156Preload("poll_q3")

IF statereside = EMPTY THEN
  statereside (R STATE RESIDENCE in section Demographics)
  In what state are you currently residing?
  1 Alaska (AK)
  2 Alabama (AL)
  3 Arizona (AZ)
  4 Arkansas (AR)
  5 California (CA)
  6 Colorado (CO)
  7 Connecticut (CT)
  8 Delaware (DE)
  9 Florida (FL)
 10 Georgia (GA)
 11 Hawaii (HI)
 12 Idaho (ID)
 13 Illinois (IL)

27
14 Indiana (IN)
15 Iowa (IA)
16 Kansas (KS)
17 Kentucky (KY)
18 Louisiana (LA)
19 Maine (ME)
20 Maryland (MD)
21 Massachusetts (MA)
22 Michigan (MI)
23 Minnesota (MN)
24 Mississippi (MS)
25 Missouri (MO)
26 Montana (MT)
27 Nebraska (NE)
28 Nevada (NV)
29 New Hampshire (NH)
30 New Jersey (NJ)
31 New Mexico (NM)
32 New York (NY)
33 North Carolina (NC)
34 North Dakota (ND)
35 Ohio (OH)
36 Oklahoma (OK)
37 Oregon (OR)
38 Pennsylvania (PA)
39 Rhode Island (RI)
40 South Carolina (SC)
41 South Dakota (SD)
42 Tennessee (TN)
43 Texas (TX)
44 Utah (UT)
45 Vermont (VT)
46 Virginia (VA)
47 Washington (WA)
48 West Virginia (WV)
49 Wisconsin (WI)
50 Wyoming (WY)
51 Washington D.C.
52 Puerto Rico
END OF IF

IF uas156_poll_q1 != 1 AND poll_q1 != 1 AND statereside != 34 THEN
poll_q2 (Currently Registered to Vote in section Background)
Are you:
1. Certain you are registered to vote in the district where you now live
2. Not certain if you are registered to vote in your district
3. Not registered to vote
4. Not sure if registered to vote or not

IF poll.q2 = 1 AND uas149.poll.q2a = EMPTY AND uas155.poll.q2a = EMPTY AND uas156.poll.q2a = EMPTY THEN

poll.q2a (Party Registration in section Background)
Are you registered as:
1. Democrat
2. Republican
3. No political party (independent)
4. No political party (state does not allow registration by party)
5. Libertarian
6. Green party
7. Some other party
END OF IF
END OF IF

IF uas149.poll.q3 = EMPTY AND uas155.poll.q3 = EMPTY AND uas156.poll.q3 = EMPTY THEN

poll.q3 (Party affiliation in section Background)
Regardless of if or how you are registered to vote, are you more closely aligned with...
1. Democrats
2. Republicans
3. Independents (no political party)
4. Libertarians
5. Green party
6. Some other party
7. Not aligned with any political party

IF poll.q3 IN (3,7) THEN

poll.q3a (lean affiliation in section Background)
Generally speaking, do you lean more toward affiliating with Democrats or with Republicans?
1. Lean toward affiliating with Democrats
2. Lean toward affiliating with Republicans
3. Do not lean toward either party
END OF IF
END OF IF

presvote := getPresidentialVote()
uas149.poll.q42 := getUAS149Preload("poll.q42")
IF presvote = EMPTY AND uas149.poll.q42 = EMPTY AND uas155.poll.q42 = EMPTY AND uas156.poll.q42 = EMPTY THEN

poll.q41 (Vote in 2016 Presidential Election in section Background)
Many people were not able to vote in the election for U.S. President, which took place between Republican candidate Donald Trump, Democratic candidate Hillary Clinton, Libertarian candidate Gary Johnson, and Green party candidate Jill Stein and a few other candidates. Were you able to vote in that election, or not?
1 I was not able to vote in that election
2 I was too young to vote
3 I chose not to vote in the 2016 election
4 I am sure I voted for a candidate in the 2016 presidential election
5 I am not sure or I can’t remember if I voted

IF poll.q41 = 4 THEN

poll.q42 (Candidate choice in 2016 election in section Background)
In the 2016 presidential election, which candidate did you vote for?
1 Republican candidate Donald Trump
2 Democratic candidate Hillary Clinton
3 Green party candidate Jill Stein
4 Libertarian candidate Gary Johnson
5 Someone else

END OF IF
END OF IF

End of section Background

Start of section Closing

CS.001 (HOW PLEASANT INTERVIEW in section Closing)
Could you tell us how interesting or uninteresting you found the questions in this interview?
1 Very interesting
2 Interesting
3 Neither interesting nor uninteresting
4 Uninteresting
5 Very uninteresting

CS.003 (comments in section Closing)
Do you have any other comments on the interview? Please type these in the box below. (If you have no comments, please click next to complete this survey.)
STRING
End of section Closing

/* Please note that although question CS_003 is listed in the routing, the answers are not included in the microdata in the event identifiable information is captured. Cleaned responses are available by request. */